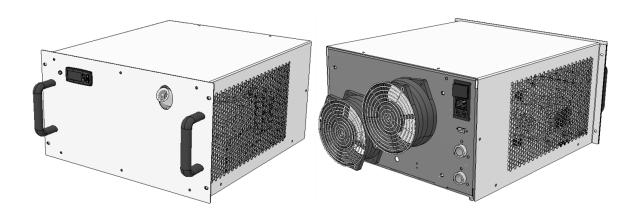
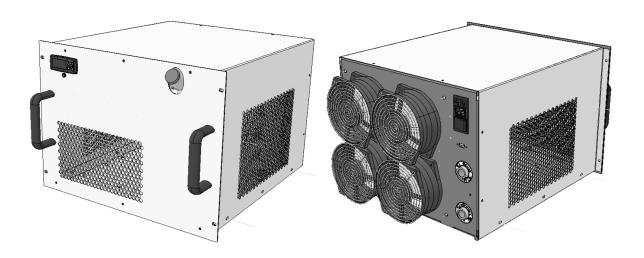


Installation, Operation & Service Manual $R10\ /\ R20$

Date 9/MAR/2022 Compiled by MJH Page 1 / 6 Revision 1







Installation, Operation & Service Manual $R10\ /\ R20$

				DOC	UMENT DETAILS
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			CHANGE LOG
Date	Revision	Page ref	Change
9/MAR/2022	1	All	First release
	I	J	



Installation, Operation & Service Manual R10 / R20

DOCUMENT DETAILS

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		PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS		
Attribute	R10	R20		
Woight	36kg	48kg		
Weight	79.4lbs	105.8lbs		
Heat transfer fluid	4000mL	7500mL		
volume	1.057USGal	1.981USGal		
Cooling capacity	*1150W	*1900W		
(T _{setpoint} +20°C / +68°F) (T _{ambient} +20°C / +68°F)	*3924BTU/h	*6483BTU/h		
*(T _{ambient} +30°C / +86°F)	*0.327TR	*0.54TR		
Temperature stability	0.1±°C	0.1±°C		
Temperature resolution	0.1±°C	0.1±°C		
Settable temp. range	+4 to +35°C	+4 to +35°C		
Optional temp. range	0 to +65°C	0 to +65°C		
	230Vac	230Vac		
Power supply	50Hz	50Hz		
requirement	1~	1~		
	6.5A@230Vac	7.5A@230Vac		
Sound pressure level	63dBa	63dBa		
Controller screen size	n/a	n/a		
Dimensions (M/*D*U)	6U 19" rack	8U 19" rack		
Dimensions (W*D*H)	560mm / 22.05" deep	560mm / 22.05" deep		
Diagnostic functions	PID refrigeration system utilization, level OK lamp, cooling output active lamp.	PID refrigeration system utilization, level OK lamp, cooling output active lamp.		
Fluid fittings (standard)	1/2" BSPPF	1/2" BSPPF		
Fluid fittings (option)	Pushfit 12mm	Pushfit 12mm		
Low fluid level alarm	Pump interlock for empty	Pump interlock for empty		
Controller	Two-row display IP65-rated	Two-row display IP65-rated		
Tool-less access	No	No		
Overtemperature	Pump motor thermal c/o	Pump motor cutout		
protection	Optional HT trip available			
Compressor overload protection	HP switch	HP switch		
Overcurrent protection	Fused	Fused		
Rated duty cycle	Continuous	Continuous		
Compatible heat transfer fluids	DI water, propylene glycol mixes, Hexid A4 & A6	DI water, propylene glycol mixes, Hexid A4 & A6		











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				D=D=0		UDV/=0
		P40	Б	PERFOR	RMANCE C	JRVES
		R10	 R	R20		
		TBC	T	ВС		
		TBC	Т	ВС		
		TBC	Т	ВС		
Openir	ng section R10 R20		 			4



back-filling of the fluid.

Installation, Operation & Service Manual R10 / R20

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					SAFETY NOTICES
safe ope be used of tempe	ration of an ATC as a liquid tempe	your attention to the following chiller always remains the instance conditioning device properties as a manner paired.	responsibility of the ope - it requires no external	rator. This equip pump, nor any f	ment is intended to urther manipulation
0		e to comply with a caution wever caused, and could resu			lve ATC from any



Caution; The high integrity refrigeration system contains no user-serviceable parts. Repair and service requires specialized knowledge and tools to be provided by ATC or its local agent. Any unauthorized tampering with the refrigeration system automatically invalidates warranty.

Caution; Filling/topping up of the tank should only be undertaken with the unit switched off, to prevent



Warning; Very cold surfaces and gases, lower than -20°C (-40°F). Severe frostbite hazard.



Warning; Opening the refrigeration system may expose the operator to toxic and corrosive compounds (HFCs). Take protective measures including suitable eye protection.



Warning; Gases may exceed 15 barg (220psig) during operation.



Warning; Refrigerant is class A1. It does not support combustion but is oxygen depleting. Review equipment rating label for specific refrigerants and CO₂e.



Warning; Water and electricity are in close proximity. Always ensure the unit is isolated before service. The R-series is protected from overcurrent by mains fusing. Never bypass these components.



Warning; Failure to comply with a 'warning' may result in personal injury or death. ATC does not accept any liability for injury caused through use of this equipment.



Warning; After switching off, the fan blades slow to a stop. Do not open until the fan has stopped rotating.



Installation, Operation & Service Manual $R10\ /\ R20$

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			NCLUDED ANNEXES
Specific technical produc	ct information is provided in the follow	wing series of annexes.	
	oing & Unpacking - Weighing over 1		
	& Environmental Requirements for		
L	llation - Generic water-cooled with 0		
Annex C-6 220309 Insta	llation - Generic air-cooled with 0.5ir	nch fittings	
l	Handling & Startup Procedures - Ge	eneric	
Annex E-15 210301 KR1	I - how to use		
Annex E-15C 210916 KF	R1 Program General Use K1 thru K1	2	
Annex F-3 201007 PD p	ump using discrete PRV		
Annex G-8 220309 Trou	bleshooting - Initial help air-cooled k	(-, R- & G-Series	
Annex G-14 220309 Tro	ubleshooting - Initial help water-cool	led K-, R- & G-Series	
Annex H-1 191121 End-	user maintenance - air-cooled units	with water as fluid	
Annex H-2 210326 End-	user maintenance - water-cooled un	its with water as fluid	
Annex I-1 210830 Mainto	enance for technicians - Generic refi	rigerated units	
Annex J-5 200706 EU C	ompliance Statement - Conflict Mine	erals	
Annex J-7 200715 EU C	ompliance Statement - REACH		
Annex J-8 200827 EU C	ompliance Statement - POPs		
Annex J-10 201111 EU	Compliance Statement - RoHS		
Annex J-12 210830 UKC	CA DoC - R-series		
Annex J-13 210830 EU I	DoC - R-series		
Annex K-1 200623 Stand	dard warranty terms of ATC		
Annex M-9 220309 Reco	ommended spares, R10 & R20		
Annex R-1 170621 SDS	Refrigerant HFC-R134a		
Annex R-2 120701 SDS	Refrigerant HFC-R407C		
Annex R-3 200203 SDS	Hexid A4 v6.4		



4

representatives.

Applied Thermal Control Ltd 39 Hayhill Industrial Estate Barrow-upon-Soar, Loughborough LE12 8LD, United Kingdom +44 (0) 1530 839 998 Service@thermalexchange.co.uk Support@app-therm.com

Operating Manual; Shipping & Unpacking

Annex A-1

DOCUMENT DETAILS 22/NOV/19 Author(s) MJH Page 1/1 Revision 2 Date **UNPACKING UNITS WEIGHING OVER 18kg (40lbs) WITHOUT CASTORS** Please check that both the packaging and the unit are undamaged. If there is any doubt, it is vital that you inform both ATC and the carrier. There are no hidden shipping bolts or other fixings. You should inspect the packaging for signs of transit damage before signing for the unit, and if possible, unpack the unit before 1 signing. Once you have signed for the goods, ATC cannot be held responsible for any transit damage subsequently found. 2 As the unit is >18kg, ATC must recommend that 2 persons are used to lift by hand, or a crane. Remove the unit from its original packaging and ensure that there is no packaging left around the cooling 3 ducts. There is no internal product packaging that requires the chiller to be opened. Please retain all packaging in the unlikely event that the chiller needs to be returned to our local



Operating Manual; Site & Environmental Requirements

Annex B-13

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R10 & R20 SITE & ENVIRONMENTAL REQUIREMENTS

- Rack mount this product is only intended to be used with a ventilated standard 19" rack cabinet. R10 is a 6U high unit and R20 is an 8U high unit. Both units are 560mm deep. Both units require 4-off end user-supplied M6 bolts to secure to rack cabinet upright rails. ATC strongly recommends the use of support guides that run from the front upright rail to the back upright rail of the rack cabinet to support the weight of the chiller.
- Clean, dust-free environment the R10 & R20 units use external axial frame fans to provide airflow for cooling the pump motor, compressor and condenser. Do not block these vents. The system will shut down in the event the motor high temperature or refrigeration system high pressure switches are triggered.
- Non-condensing ambient temperature +5°C to +40°C (+39°F to +104°F). This prevents build-up of moisture on internal components.
- **Humidity** 80% for ambient temperatures up to +31°C (+88°F), decreasing linearly to 50% relative humidity at +40°C (+104°F) ambient temperature.

	Electrical supply		R10	R20		
	ATC power supply specification	-0spec	-9spec	-0spec	-9spec	
	Nominal supply voltage	230Vac	208-230Vac	230Vac	208-230Vac	
	Voltage fluctuations	±10%	±10%	±10%	±10%	
	Frequency	50Hz	50/60Hz	50Hz	50/60Hz	
5	Mode of supply	L/N/E	L/N/E or L1/L2/E	L/N/E	L/N/E or L1/L2/E	
	Current draw at 230Vac 50Hz	5A	TBC	8A	8.5A	

The power inlet module itself is rated 10A 250V. The user must provide protective earth at IEC type C14 appliance inlet. See product rating label for fuse specification. Mains fuses are typically UL-compliant and T speed rated with high breaking (rupture) capacity. Supply fuses are rear mounted. Secondary fuses protecting individual components are internally-mounted.

Clearance – the rack form factor limits clearance considerations to the rear face of the unit. Ensure there is sufficient room at the rear of the product to remove the power cable without obstruction. Ensure bend radius of your chosen hose/tube/pipework is not compromised. The front face of the R10 has no vents, but the R20 does – it is a suction vent. Left and right-hand side clearance is dictated by the rack cabinet, but both R10 & R20 have suction vents on those faces.

- **Plumbing** tubing, piping or hose must be clean and compatible with the fluid to be used. The chiller is compatible with deionized water and water-glycol mixtures such as Hexid fluid.
- 8 Indoor use only altitude up to 2000m.
- **Installation category** transient overvoltage category II; Pollution degree 2. Temporary overvoltages occurring on mains supply are acceptable within limits defined in the aforementioned categories.



Caution; Always use ATC recommended fluids in your chiller – many other anti-freeze mixtures have the potential to corrode your application and to damage seals in the chiller.



Operating Manual; Installation

Annex C-2

DOCUMENT DETAILS

Date 9/MAR/2022 Author(s) MJH Page 1/2 Revision 3

INSTALLATION FOR WATER-COOLED UNITS WITH 1/2" BSPPF FITTINGS

This guide applies to the following product groups;

- K-Series, R-Series and G-Series refrigerated units, where heatload is carried away by water supply.
- XR- and XF-Series water-to-water heat exchangers, where heatload is carried away by water supply.

HOSE RECOMMENDATIONS

Having ensured that your installation meets all site requirements, it is best practice that the fluid lines between your application and the chiller have the following characteristics.

- 1 Short in length this reduces friction-based pressure drop and addition ambient heat load.
- 2 Large diameter bore at least 12mm (1/2").
- Free from 90° bends to limit the effects of water hammer. If this cannot be avoided, sharp changes of direction should be minimized so far as possible. Doing this correctly can yield higher pump performance and extend time between maintenance intervals. It will also reduce electrical energy consumption.
- Clean If your installation is to existing pipe work, it is good practice to flush the system with either a commercially available central heating cleaner or 5% acetic acid solution. The system should be flushed clean with tap water to remove all traces of cleaner prior to filling the system. Failing this, it is recommended to use a domestic bleach in solution with tap water, diluted to the point where the bleach can longer be smelled by human nose.
- **Opaque, ideally black** to inhibit light passing through the tube and algae building up. Alternatively, solid ABS or copper pipe can be used where application chemistry allows.
- Insulation, where low temperature process is planned the process line from chiller to application contains the feed of low temperature fluid. Insulation prevents heat from entering this line and can promote better stability. Uninsulated return lines are helpful where free cooling can be obtained by allowing heat to transfer to air likewise, insulating the return line is helpful if the fluid temperature is below ambient.



Caution; Never use transparent tubing. UV light will pass through, prompting growth of organic contamination.

CONNECTING ADPATERS TO PRODUCT BULKHEAD FITTINGS

- Standard units are supplied with 1/2" British Standard Pipe Parallel Female (BSPPF) threads (also known as G threads (ISO228)) by default, for both application/process and house/primary water supply. These fittings are not valved and will 'drop' the volume of the system if left open to atmosphere.
- Ensure the appropriate thread sealants are used in the fitting of adapters to hose. For metallic mating parts, we recommend Loctite 577. For plastic adaptors such as those supplied with the product, we recommend using ~8-12mm wide PTFE tape, wrapped around the male thread before tightening.
- Ensure that the system is correctly connected. The 'donut' labels around the ports are clearly marked with inlet and outlet symbols and function in both English and French language. Ports marked as outlets mean fluid leaves the product and must be connected to the process inlet or house water return line.
- 4 Check all joints are tight and leak free.
- Where this product is incorporated into other equipment, it is the responsibility of the assembler to ensure safety.



Operating Manual; Installation

Annex C-2

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							BACKFILLING	
1	In situations where pressure to the wa		is situated physically f the product.	/ lower than the app	lication b	eing coole	d, fluid will apply	
2	The weakest seal	is normally	the tank lid, and this	is typically where fl	uid will es	cape the ι	ınit.	
3			ated higher or level ve installed as an opt			this is not	possible, a non-	
4	Please raise any	questions wi	th the sales team or	sales@app-therm.	com.			



Operating Manual; Installation

Annex C-6

DOCUMENT DETAILS

Date 9/MAR/2022 Author(s) MJH Page 1/2 Revision 2

INSTALLATION FOR AIR-COOLED UNITS WITH 1/2" BSPPF FITTINGS

This guide applies to the following product groups;

- K-Series, R-Series and G-Series refrigerated units, where heatload is rejected to air.
- A-Series airblast units, where heatload is rejected to air.

HOSE RECOMMENDATIONS

Having ensured that your installation meets all site requirements, it is best practice that the fluid lines between your application and the chiller have the following characteristics.

- 1 Short in length this reduces friction-based pressure drop and addition ambient heat load.
- 2 Large diameter bore at least 12mm (1/2").
- Free from 90° bends to limit the effects of water hammer. If this cannot be avoided, sharp changes of direction should be minimized so far as possible. Doing this correctly can yield higher pump performance and extend time between maintenance intervals. It will also reduce electrical energy consumption.
- Clean If your installation is to existing pipe work, it is good practice to flush the system with either a commercially available central heating cleaner or 5% acetic acid solution. The system should be flushed clean with tap water to remove all traces of cleaner prior to filling the system. Failing this, it is recommended to use a domestic bleach in solution with tap water, diluted to the point where the bleach can longer be smelled by human nose.
- **Opaque**, **ideally black** to inhibit light passing through the tube and algae building up. Alternatively, solid ABS or copper pipe can be used where application chemistry allows.
- Insulation, where low temperature process is planned the process line from chiller to application contains the feed of low temperature fluid. Insulation prevents heat from entering this line and can promote better stability. Uninsulated return lines are helpful where free cooling can be obtained by allowing heat to transfer to air likewise, insulating the return line is helpful if the fluid temperature is below ambient.



Caution; Never use transparent tubing. UV light will pass through, prompting growth of organic contamination.

CONNECTING ADPATERS TO PRODUCT BULKHEAD FITTINGS

- Standard units are supplied with 1/2" British Standard Pipe Parallel Female (BSPPF) threads (also known as G threads (ISO228)) by default. These fittings are not valved and will 'drop' the volume of the system if left open to atmosphere.
- Ensure the appropriate thread sealants are used in the fitting of adapters to hose. For metallic mating parts, we recommend Loctite 577. For plastic adaptors such as those supplied with the product, we recommend using ~8-12mm wide PTFE tape, wrapped around the male thread before tightening.
- Ensure that the system is correctly connected. The 'donut' labels around the ports are clearly marked with inlet and outlet symbols and function in both English and French language. Ports marked as outlet means fluid leaves the product and must be connected to the process inlet.
- 4 Check all joints are tight and leak free.
- Where this product is incorporated into other equipment, it is the responsibility of the assembler to ensure safety.



Operating Manual; Installation

Annex C-6

	DOCUMENT DETAILS
Date	
	BACKFILLING
1	In situations where the chiller is situated physically lower than the application being cooled, fluid will apply pressure to the water circuit of the product.
2	The weakest seal is normally the tank lid, and this is typically where fluid will escape the unit.
3	Ideally, the product will be located higher or level with the product water-line. If this is not possible, a non-return solenoid valve kit can be installed as an optional standard assembly.
4	Please raise any questions with the sales team on sales@app-therm.com.



Operating Manual; Fluid Handling Procedures

Annex D-3

Date 7/OCT/2020 Author(s) LW, MJH Page 1 / 1 Revision 1

FILLING A SYSTEM

- a) Check all application valves are open, including solenoid valves and variable position valves.
 - The product will require an open water circuit to pump into.
 - ii) Any obstructions can increase the time, or entirely prevent the bleeding of air from the system.
- b) Remove the cap from the tank lid on the top of the product.
 - i) Fill the tank to just underneath the bottom of the filling port.
- c) Turn your attention to the main power switch.
 - i) Immediately after toggling this switch assuming that the power cord is connected and turned on at the wall the product will begin to pump water.
 - ii) Leave the product to run until it cuts out on the level switch interlock.
 - iii) Turn the unit off at the mains switch.
 - iv) Fill the tank again to lift the level switches.
 - v) Start the product again until the unit cuts out again.



Caution; Do not run the pump dry. Do not deadhead the pump.

- d) Repeat steps at c) until the chiller tank water level (if visible) doesn't drop, and the chiller doesn't cutout on its level switches.
- e) With the unit now running;
 - i) Leave the cap off the tank for >30mins to allow air to escape, or very loosely screwed on to prevent water splashing out of the tank if the unit has a 'flow through' design.
- f) Check the application and tubing for signs of leaks whilst the chiller is running.
 - i) Replace the tank lid fully when satisfied the system is full and bled of air.

DRAINING A SYSTEM

- a) Isolate the unit. Have a suitable bucket or drain on-hand.
 - i) Remove the tank lid to allow air into the system.
 - ii) Disconnect hoses individually. Be aware hoses as well as the unit are filled with fluid.
 - iii) Consider using the red transport plugs to block product ports to give yourself time to empty hoses before continuing to empty the product.
- b) Local rules affect where fluid can be disposed of.
 - i) Ensure hazardous products do not enter the water course and are reclaimed from the unit for professional disposal.



Operating Manual; Controller Operation

Annex E-15

DOCUMENT DETAILS

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BASIC PROGRAMMING GUIDE KR1 (ALL MODELS)

This guide may apply to your product if you require general navigation advice and help accessing settings. If you are planning to change the settings in any way, you may need a copy of the existing settings which are model dependent, signified by a letter on the end of Annex E-15, i.e. Annex E-15A.

DISPLAY CONTENTS DURING NORMAL OPERATION

Physical navigation buttons, up, down, return and enter.
 8888.8 is the actual read value on input sensor.
 888.8 is the setpoint value.
 Rectangles bottom left 1-4 display when output is active.
 MAN LED shows in manual mode (fixed output value).
 °C or °F shows units as settable in the 'inP' group.
 AL LED appears when output is beyond a set alarm point.



ACCESS TO SETTINGS

- Push the return button for more than 5 seconds. The upper display will show PASS while the lower display will show 0.
- Using up and down buttons set the programmed password full access is granted by entering '40'. ATC are not responsible for damage either to the chiller or the connected equipment as a result of changing parameters without ATC's oversight.
- During parameter modification the instrument continues to perform process control. In certain conditions, when a configuration change can produce a significant change to the process, it is advisable to temporarily stop the controller from controlling during the programming procedure (control outputs will be OFF). A password equal to 2000 + the programmed value (i.e. 2000 + 40 = 2040). The control will restart automatically when the configuration procedure will be manually closed.
- Push the return button. If the password is correct the display will show the acronym of the first parameter group 'inP'. Push button for more than 5 seconds, the instrument will come back to the "standard display".
- The configuration parameters are collected in various groups. Every group defines all parameters related with a specific function (control, alarms, output functions).
- Push return button for more than 5 seconds, the instrument will come back to the "standard display". For specific settings and guidance, review the controller datasheets provided by ATC. If you are not in receipt of these, please contact ATC using the information in the header of this document.

GENERAL NAVIGATION

- Return button; A short press allows to exit from the current parameter group and select a new parameter group. A long press allows you to close the configuration parameter procedure (the instrument will come back to the "standard display").
- Enter button; When the upper display is showing a group and the lower display is blank, this key allows to enter in the selected group. When the upper display is showing a parameter and the lower display is showing its value, this key allows to store the selected value for the current parameter and access the next parameter within the same group.
- **16** Up button; Allows to increase the value of the selected parameter.
- 17 Down button; Allows to decrease the value of the selected parameter.
- Pushing both Return and Enter buttons moves back to the previous group. Press return first to start. The selection of the group is cyclic (on a carousel), so it is possible to move back around to the group you require.



Operating Manual; Controller Operation

Annex E-15C

Group 'AL1'

Value

Setting

DOCUMENT DETAILS

Group 'AL2'

Setting

PROGRAM

Value

16/SEP/2021 Author(s) WE Date Page 1/2 Revision 1

STANDARD KT THRU K12 PROGRAM PURPOSE

Internal part number Manufacturer part number

Group inP

Setting

EA894 KR1

Setting

Group 'out'

Value

1) STANDARD PROGRAM FOR KT THRU K12

Program purpose

Value

ocuing	Value	Octing	Value	Octimig	Value	Octimi	Value
SEnS	Pt1	o1.F	c.rEG	AL1t	LHdo	AL2t	nonE
dΡ	1	o1.AL	n/a	Ab1	0	Ab2	n/a
SSc	n/a	o1.Ac	dir	AL1L	-10.0	AL2L	n/a
FSc	n/a	o2F	AL	AL1H	10.0	AL2H	n/a
Unit	°C	o2.AL	1	AL1	10.0	AL2	n/a
FiL	10	o2Ac	rEU	HAL1	1.0	HAL2	n/a
inE	our	o4F	nonE	AL1d	oFF	AL2d	n/a
oPE	100	o4.AL	n/a	AL1o	0	AL2o	n/a
io4.F	out4	o4Ac	n/a				
diF1	oFF						
diF2	n/a						
di.A	0						
Grou	 p 'AL3'	Group	LbA'	Group	rEG'	Group	o 'SP'
Setting	Value	Setting	Value	Setting	Value	Setting	Value
AL3t	nonE	LbAt	oFF	cont	Pid	nSP	n/a
Ab3	n/a	LbSt	n/a	Auto	0	SPLL	4.0
AL3L	n/a	LbAS	n/a	tunE	oFF	SPHL	35.0
AL3H	n/a	LbcA	n/a	Aut.r	n/a	SP	20
AL3	n/a			SELF	n/a	SP2	n/a
HAL3	n/a			HSEt	n/a	SP3	n/a
AL3d	n/a			cPdt	n/a	SP4	n/a
AL3o	n/a			Pb	15	A.SP	SP1
				ti	60	SP.rt	trin
				td	1	SPLr	Loc
				Fuoc	0.42	SP.u	inF
				tcH	n/a	SP.d	inF
				rcG	1.00		
				tcc	7		
				rS	0		
				Str.t	n/a		
				db.S	n/a		
				db.S od	n/a n/a		
				od	n/a		



Operating Manual; Controller Operation

Annex E-15C

DOCUMENT DETAILS

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Group 'tin'		Group	o 'PrG'	Group	'PAn'	Group 'Ser'		
Setting	Value	Setting	Value	Setting	Value	Setting	Value	
tr.F	nonE	Pr.F	nonE	PAS2	20	Add	1	
tr.u	n/a	Pr.u	n/a	PAS3	40	bAud	9600	
tr.t1	n/a	Pr.E	n/a	PAS4	300	trSP	nonE	
tr.t2	n/a	Pr.Et	n/a	uSrb	tunE			
tr.St	n/a	Pr.S1	n/a	diSP	SPF			
		Pr.G1	n/a	di.CL	0			
		Pr.t1	n/a	AdE	5			
		Pr.b1	n/a	diS.t	oFF			
		Pr.E1	n/a	FiLd	0.5			
		Pr.S2	n/a	dSPu	AS.Pr			
		Pr.G2	n/a	oPr.E	ALL			
		Pr.t2	n/a	oPEr	Auto			
		Pr.b2	n/a					
		Pr.E2	n/a					
		Pr.S3	n/a					
		Pr.G3	n/a					
		Pr.t3	n/a					
		Pr.b3	n/a					
		Pr.E3	n/a					
		Pr.S4	n/a					
		Pr.G4	n/a					
		Pr.t4	n/a					
		Pr.b4	n/a					
		Pr.E4	n/a					
		Pr.St	n/a					

Group	'COn'	Group 'CAL'		
Setting	Value	Setting	Value	
Co.tY	oFF	AL.P	0	
UoLt	n/a	AL.o	!TESTRIG!	
cur	n/a	AH.P	999.9	
h.Job	n/a	AH.o	!TESTRIG!	
t.Job	n/a			



Operating Manual; Pressure & Flow Adjustment

Annex F-3

DOCUMENT DETAILS

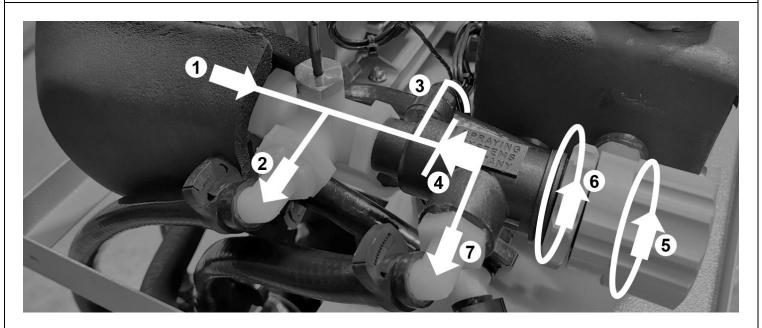
7/OCT/2020 Date

Author(s) MJH

Revision

POSITIVE DISPLACEMENT PUMPS & DISCRETE PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE

This arrangement comprises a positive displacement pump (most commonly a rotary vane type) with a springloaded pressure relief valve to provide better overpressure setting control with minimal flow losses compared to fixed orifice bypasses/reliefs. This annex describes ATC's default settings and how to adjust the system.



It is important to understand the basic principle that all else being equal, higher flow results in a higher demand for pressure. The motor generates the power required to turn the pump head and create that pressure. The more restrictive a water circuit is, the higher the pressure required to maintain flowrate. Positive displacement pumps are designed to generate high pressure and are mechanically tight - their RPM dictates flowrate. See image;

- 1) Pump discharge fluid leaves the pump head and enters the gauge-tee assembly. It passes the temperature sensor at the tee, and when the pressure relief is inactive, fluid heads towards no. 2.
- 2) Outlet to process fluid heads out of the product to the application. Whatever restrictions lie downstream, fluid leaving this point has not passed through the pressure relief valve.
- 3) Pressure gauge connection connection to a pressure gauge on the front panel of the product. This displays the pressure in the water circuit, at the pump outlet, not the application which will be lower.
- 4) Pressure Relief Valve (PRV) spring tension in the body of the PRV determines whether fluid travels through point 2 or passes through to point 7.
- 5) PRV adjustment knob rotate clockwise to increase maximum delivery pressure. Rotate anti-clockwise to limit maximum delivery pressure.
- 6) PRV adjustment locknut release this locknut to adjust no.5. Ensure it is tightened once adjustments are made. If it is not, vibration may cause the adjustment knob to move on itself.
- 7) Bypass flow outlet where the pressure requirement to overcome restrictions downstream of no.2 rises to be higher than the setting at no.5, the spring inside no.4 will compress and allow liquid to start bleeding through to no.7. It is important to understand that the nature of the spring means there can be no black and white point for pressure relief setting – the spring will slowly compress and bleed flow until all flow passes through no.7. When fully bypassing, all flow stays inside the chiller to protect the application.



Operating Manual; Pressure & Flow Adjustment

Annex F-3

DOCUMENT DETAILS

Date 7/OCT/2020 Author(s) MJH Page 2/2 Revision

SETTING THE PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE (BYPASS)

Unless otherwise agreed at point of sale, the default setting for this type of pump and PRV arrangement is 3.33bar (50psi). In the absence of external calibrated pressure gauges, it's possible to use the chiller itself to set this value:

- 8) Isolate the chiller always isolate before performing work.
- 9) Disconnect from the application if already connected review the draining procedure in Annex D.
- 10) Connect the chiller's process inlet to process outlet a short run of hose around 1-2m (3-6ft) will be adequate.
- 11) Start the chiller and follow the fill process from Annex D fluid will now be running through a short loop with very low pressure required to overcome the restriction.
- 12) With the chiller running, very slowly kink the short run of hose fitted above this simulates a blocked application – this is known as 'deadheading' the pump. Without PRV, the pump motor would stall or hoses might blow off. Watch the pressure gauge climb as you apply the kink.
- 13) The pressure gauge will eventually stop climbing with the hose fully kinked note the value; this is the setting of the PRV where all flow is bypassed.
- 14) Refer to points 5) and 6) above to adjust if required contact ATC if you're unsure over whether your desired setting is reasonable for the product you have.



Date

Applied Thermal Control Ltd 39 Hayhill Industrial Estate Barrow-upon-Soar, Loughborough LE12 8LD, United Kingdom +44 (0) 1530 839 998 Service@thermalexchange.co.uk Support@app-therm.com

Operating Manual; Troubleshooting & Functional Explanations

Annex G-8

9/MAR/2022 Author(s) MJH Page 1 / 1 Revision 2

		AIR-COOLED K-, G-, R-SERIES INITIAL TROUBLESHOOTING
#	SYMPTOM	CAUSES
		Level switch may have been tripped – check level and top-up to resolve.
1	Compressor or pump motor not running Large condenser fan is running, and	High pressure switch may have been tripped; a) Check fan spins freely and that condenser is clear of debris. b) Assess whether the ambient temperature is too high. c) Assess whether ventilation/air circulation is poor. d) Assess whether surrounding equipment is generating hot air and feeding it into the chiller air intakes.
	control illuminated.	If fitted, a low-pressure switch may have been tripped – this indicates refrigerant loss. A multimeter is required to test this.
		If running at a high setpoint, or if operating conditions have changed and raised the fluid temperature, it is possible the compressor has turned itself on high temperature internal protection.
		Pump motor or fan motor bearings may have failed.
2	Noisy operation	Pump head vane or seal may have failed.
		In a 3-phase system, phase rotation may be incorrect.
		Fluid lines may have become fouled through solid debris or biological growth. Ensure biocides or pre-mixed biocidal process fluids are being used. Ensure hoses are not transparent or translucent – UV light entering prompts growth.
3	High fluid pressure / low flowrate	General fluid leak can lead to flow rate failure.
		Excess fittings, too many sharp direction changes, too small a diameter hose for flowrate or hoses too long at the wrong diameter.
_	Fluid collecting or	Leaks are impossible to diagnose remotely, but usually you will see a pool of fluid on a lower surface. Do not confuse this with condensation from cold parts of the fridge.
4	leaking	Review the chemical compatibility of your fluid with the chiller. Contact ATC if you are unsure.
5	Poor cooling performance	Check fan spins freely and that condenser is clear of debris. Excess thermal load applied. Assess whether the ambient temperature is too high. Assess whether ventilation/air circulation is poor. Assess whether surrounding equipment is generating hot air and feeding it into the chiller air intakes.



Operating Manual; Troubleshooting & Functional Explanations

Annex G-14

		DOCUMENT DETAILS
Date	9/MAR/2022 A	uthor(s) MJH Page 1/1 Revision 2
		WATER-COOLED K-, G-, R-SERIES INITIAL TROUBLESHOOTING
#	SYMPTOM	CAUSES
		Level switch may have been tripped – check level and top-up to resolve.
1	Compressor or pump motor not running whilst control remains illuminated.	High pressure switch may have been tripped; a) Check for sufficient flowrate and pressure of house water. b) Assess whether the house water temperature is too high. c) Assess whether any fouling of condenser plate heat exchanger has occurred. d) Assess whether new equipment has been added to a shared water supply and contributed to either a lack of water flow (through flow splitting) or whether additional thermal load has been added to the central water's chiller/cooler.
		If fitted, a low-pressure switch may have been tripped – this indicates refrigerant loss. A multimeter is required to test this.
		If running at a high setpoint, or if operating conditions have changed and raised the fluid temperature, it is possible the compressor has turned itself on high temperature internal protection.
		Pump motor bearings may have failed.
2	Noisy operation	Pump head vane or seal may have failed.
		In a 3-phase system, phase rotation may be incorrect.
		Fluid lines may have become fouled through solid debris or biological growth. Ensure biocides or pre-mixed biocidal process fluids are being used. Ensure hoses are not transparent or translucent – UV light entering prompts growth.
3	High fluid pressure / low flowrate	General fluid leak can lead to flow rate failure.
		Excess fittings, too many sharp direction changes, too small a diameter hose for flowrate or hoses too long at the wrong diameter.
	Fluid collecting or	Leaks are impossible to diagnose remotely, but usually you will see a pool of fluid on a lower surface. Do not confuse this with condensation from cold parts of the fridge.
4	leaking	Review the chemical compatibility of your fluid with the chiller. Contact ATC if you are unsure.
5	Poor cooling	Excess thermal load applied. Assess whether the ambient temperature is too high. Assess whether house water temperature is too high.

Assess whether house water flowrate is too low.

water inlet to the ATC product.

Assess whether surrounding equipment is adding load or taking flow from the house

performance



Operating Manual; Maintenance for End-Users

Annex H-1

Date November 2019 Compiled by MJH Revision 1

PERIODIC MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS BY END USER

	Н	
T	U	,

Caution; Failure to carry out service at the specified intervals may permanently damage your equipment.

Print this sheet out and display close to the chiller to maximize the visibility of maintenance requirements.

Weekly	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4
Check fluid level – top up as required.				

Monthly	J	F	M	A	M	J	J	Α	S	0	N	D
Check the condenser is free from dust or accumulation of debris.												

Annually	Y1	Y2	Y3	Y4	Y5	Y6	Y7	Y8
Drain process fluid and replace with fresh fluid.								
Check for fluid leaks throughout chiller and application.								
Clear any debris from inside the chiller.								

A vacuum cleaner is recommended for cleaning out the condenser, while soft cloths and IPA are recommended for cleaning metallic surfaces. If any spillages have occurred, best practice is to allow the water to evaporate off and wipe up remaining glycol residue with a cloth. Always clean with power supply isolated.



Caution; Never blow out the condenser with compressed air.



Caution; If the mains lead is lost or damaged, contact ATC who will be able to supply a replacement of the correct specification.



Operating Manual; Maintenance for End-Users Annex H-2

MIIICA II Z

Date26/MAR/2021Author(s)MJHPage1 / 1Revision3

PERIODIC MAINTANENCE FOR WATER-COOLED PRODUCTS

water heat	exchange	er. These units	you have a wat do not rely on la	er-condensed arge/multiple co	refrigerated un	it, or a water-co	poled water-to- , but instead reject			
neat into a	nouse/prii	mary/building/d	ity water supply	/ .						
					SCHEDUL	E & RECOMM	ENDED ACTIONS			
0	Caution: equipme	•	out service at	the specified in	itervals may pe	rmanently dam	age your			
0		Caution: If the mains wiring becomes damaged, contact ATC or a qualified electrician who will be able to supply a replacement of the correct specification.								
0	best prac	Soft cloths and IPA are recommended for cleaning metallic surfaces. If any spillages have occurred, best practice is to allow the water to evaporate off and wipe up remaining glycol residue with a cloth. Always clean with power supply isolated.								
0	Print this requirem		display close to	the product to	maximize the	visibility of mair	ntenance			
	Check fluid level – top up as required.									
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7			
	8	9	10	11	12	13	14			
Mookly	15	16	17	18	19	20	21			
Weekly	22	23	24	25	26	27	28			
	29	30	31	32	33	34	35			
	36	37	38	39	40	41	42			
	43	44	45	46	47	48	49			
	50	51	52							
		Drain proces	ss fluid and re	place with fres	sh fluid.					
	Check for fluid leaks throughout product and application.									
Annually	C	check filters fo	or accumlation	of particulate	matter.					
	C	lear any dust	and debris fro	m inside the p	product.					
			Vacu	ium out electr	ical box					



Operating Manual; Maintenance for Technicians

Annex I-1

30/AUG/2021 Author(s) MJH Page 1 / 1 Revision 3

GENERIC MAINTENANCE FOR TECHNICIANS



Date

Warning; Opening the refrigeration system may expose the operative to toxic and corrosive compounds (HF). Take protective measures including suitable eye protection.



Warning; Gases may exceed 300 psi (20 bar) during operation.



Warning; Refrigerants do not support combustion (A1-class), but do displace air (oxygen), presenting asphyxiation risk.



Warning; After switching off, the condenser cooling fan blades continue to rotate. Do not attempt servicing whilst the blades are rotating.



Warning; All chillers contain water and electricity in close proximity. Ensure the unit is isolated before service. This product is protected from overcurrent by fuses (or MCB) on the mains inlet. Never bypass the overcurrent protection.

Following service or repair by a trained technician;

- Ensure any electrical connections that may have been disturbed are given the 'tug-test'
- b) Ensure earth bonding conductors are re-attached.
- c) Ensure the correct fuses are in place.
- d) Ensure the mains cord being used is to specification, and is free from damage
- Subject the unit to a PAT test to ensure the unit is safe before running.
- f) Ensure there are no leaks inside or outside the unit.
- g) Using the wiring schematic for guidance, simulate faults to check each interlock's function.



Operating Manual; Declarations & Approvals

Annex J-5

DOCUMENT DETAILS

Date 03/FEB/2021 Author(s) MJH Revision

CONFLICT MINERALS COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

Applied Thermal Control (ATC) adheres to and embraces the ethical values that support our everyday activities. As an expression of these principles and ethical values, ATC adheres to the principle of responsible sourcing of components containing precious and non-precious metals and metal salts in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

The metals considered are Tantalum (Ta), Tungsten (W), Tin (Sn) and Gold (Au). ATC actively sources components from suppliers known to be reputable and could demonstrate compliance upon request with the Conflict Minerals acts and guidelines.

ATC uses Gold and Tin in electrical components, on PCBs and in rotating machinery, as governed by technical requirements of products. These metals could potentially originate from conflict mineral sites. As many of our suppliers do not purchase these metals direct from smelters, both they and ATC must rely heavily on information that will be provided by their suppliers to determine the source and chain of the metals in those products.

ATC is committed to working with its customers and supply chain to meet the customer's specification and requirements with regards to traceability, sourcing requirements and restrictions. ATC commits that, to the best of our knowledge, our suppliers are complying with the conflict minerals act as stated in their documentation. These statements are reviewed, and updates obtained as required.

> Mitchell Howard, Technical Manager Signed in Coalville, UK, date 6/JUL/2020



Operating Manual; Declarations & Approvals

Annex J-7

DOCUMENT DETAILS

Date 03/FEB/2021 Author(s) MJH Page 1 / 1 Revision 01

WHAT IS THE REACH REGULATION 1907/2006?

REACH is a regulation of the European Union, adopted to improve the protection of human health and the environment from the risks that can be posed by chemicals, while enhancing the competitiveness of the EU chemicals industry. REACH places the burden of proof on companies. To comply with the regulation, companies must identify and manage the risks linked to the substances they manufacture and market in the EU. They have to demonstrate to ECHA how the substance can be safely used, and they must communicate the risk management measures to the users. If the risks cannot be managed, authorities can restrict the use of substances in different ways. In the long run, the most hazardous substances should be substituted with less dangerous ones. REACH stands for Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals. It entered into force on 1/JUN/2007.

REACH 'ARTICLE' COMPLIANCE CONSIDERATIONS

REACH ANNEX XVII COMPLIANCE

Substances under Annex XVII are restricted either in full (not to be used at all) or for specific uses (can be used in some uses but cannot be used in identified uses).

Applied Thermal Control has contacted all our suppliers and to the best of our knowledge, none of the articles that we sell intentionally contain any of the Annex XVII substances currently on the candidate list in concentrations of >0.1% by weight.

REACH ANNEX XIV COMPLIANCE

Substances under Annex XIV require authorization to use in the EU after sunset date, require communication to downstream recipients when over threshold (0.1% w/w at article level) and require notification to ECHA when SVHC over threshold and imported over 1000kg annually and use not already registered.

Applied Thermal Control has contacted all our suppliers and to the best of our knowledge, none of the articles that we sell intentionally contain any of the Annex XVII substances currently on the candidate list in concentrations of >0.1% by weight.

SVHC LIST COMPLIANCE

Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) require communication to downstream recipients when over threshold (0.1% w/w at the article level), notification to the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) when SVHC over threshold and when imported over 1000kg annually and use not already registered.

Applied Thermal Control has contacted all our suppliers and to the best of our knowledge, none of the articles that we sell intentionally contain any of the Annex XVII substances currently on the candidate list in concentrations of >0.1% by weight.

DECLARATION

Mitchell Howard, Technical Manager Signed in Barrow-upon-Soar, UK, date 15/JUL/2020



Operating Manual; Declarations & Approvals

Annex J-8

DOCUMENT DETAILS

Date 03/FEB/2021 Author(s) MJH Page 1 / 1 Revision 01

WHAT IS THE POPS REGULATION 2019/1021?

POPs stands for persistent organic pollutants. In Europe, the global Stockholm Convention is implemented through POPs legislation. POPs are organic substances that persist in the environment, accumulate in living organisms and pose a risk to our health and the environment. They can be transported by air, water or migratory species across international borders, reaching regions where they have never been produced or used. International risk management is necessary as no region can manage the risks posed by these substances alone.

The European Parliament (and Council) issued regulation 2019/1021 on 20/JUN/2019, and further amended (regulation 2020/784) on 8/APR/2020.

POPs LISTED UNDER INITIAL REGULATION 2019/1021

Pesticides:

Aldrin, Chlordane, DDT, Dieldrin, Endrin, Heptachlor, Hexachlorobenzene, Mirex, Toxaphene.

Industrial Chemicals;

Hexachlorobenzene, Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCBs).

Industrial Chemical Byproducts;

Hexachlorobenzene byproducts;

Polychlorinated dibenzo-p-dioxins and polychlorinated dibenzofurans (PCDD/PCDF), and PCBs.

POPS LISTED UNDER AMENDMENT 2020/784

Perfluorooctanoic acid (PFOA), its salts and PFOA-related compounds.

POPS COMPLIANCE STATEMENT

We certify that to the best of our knowledge, based upon up-to-date information from our suppliers, all products supplied by Applied Thermal Control are fully POPs compliant in accordance with regulations and amendments above mentioned.

DECLARATION

Mitchell Howard, Technical Manager Signed in Barrow-upon-Soar, UK, date 27/AUG/2020



Operating Manual; Declarations & Approvals

Annex J-10

DOCUMENT DETAILS

Date 03/FEB/2021 Author(s) MJH Page 1 / 1 Revision 02

WHAT IS THE ROHS DIRECTIVE?

The RoHS Directive places restrictions on the use of certain hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment (EEE). RoHS compliance has been required for many years, however in 2014 it became a mandatory requirement under CE Marking. ATC products do not clearly fall within any of the existing categories of equipment, but as of 23/JUL/2019, all EEE not covered falls within scope of the directive. In contrast to RoHS 1, RoHS 2 is a CE marking Directive, and requires, for finished EEE, the use of the CE mark on the product to show compliance. The responsibility for affixing the CE mark resides with the manufacturer.

RoHS 1 2002/95/EC

Adopted in February 2003 by the EU and taking effect on 1/JUL/2006, RoHS 1 restricted the use of 6 hazardous materials;

- 1) Lead (Pb)
- 2) Mercury (Hg)
- 3) Cadmium (Cd)
- 4) Hexavalent Chromium (Cr6+)
- 5) Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB)
- 6) Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether (PBDE)

We certify that to the best of our knowledge, based upon up-to-date information from our suppliers, all products supplied by Applied Thermal Control are fully RoHS 1 compliant.

RoHS 2 2011/65/EU

Adopted in July 2011 by the EU and taking effect on 2/JAN/2013, RoHS 2 expands the scope of RoHS 1 by adding new categories. RoHS 2 compliance is required to CE mark the product. Compliance with RoHS 2 is mandatory from 22/JUL/2019.

We certify that to the best of our knowledge, based upon up-to-date information from our suppliers, all products supplied by Applied Thermal Control are fully RoHS 2 compliant.

RoHS 3 2015/863/EU

Adopted in 2015 by the EU and taking effect from 22/JUL/2019, RoHS 3 adds four additional substances to RoHS 1's list.

- 1) Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP): < 1000 ppm
- 2) Benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP): < 1000 ppm
- 3) Dibutyl phthalate (DBP): < 1000 ppm
- 4) Di-isobutyl phthalate (DIBP): < 1000 ppm

We certify that to the best of our knowledge, based upon up-to-date information from our suppliers, all products supplied by Applied Thermal Control are fully RoHS 3 compliant.

DECLARATION

Mitchell Howard, Technical Manager Signed in Barrow-upon-Soar, UK, date 11/NOV/2020



Date

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Author(s) MJH

Operating Manual; Declarations & Approvals

Annex J-12

Page 1/1

DOCUMENT DETAILS

UK CA

30/AUG/2021

UKCA DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY (DoC)

Demand The Product Safety and Metrology etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU created by: Exit) Regulations 2019

REGISTERED BUSINESS ADDRESS

Revision 1

Applied Thermal Control Ltd, 39 Hayhill Industrial Estate, Barrow-upon-Soar, Loughborough, LE12 8LD, UK.

AUTHORISATION TO COMPILE THE TECHNICAL FILE

Mitchell Howard, Applied Thermal Control Ltd, 39 Hayhill Industrial Estate, Barrow-upon-Soar, Loughborough, LE12 8LD, UK.

DESCRIPTION & IDENTIFICATION OF MACHINERY

Generic denomination;	R-Series
Function;	Recirculating chiller
Model;	All with 'R' prefix.
Type;	Air-cooled or water-cooled vapour compression-based.
Serial number;	
Commercial name;	As above.

NOTIFIED BODY

Not applicable

QUALITY ASSURANCE SYSTEM

QMS International Ltd, Muspole Court, Muspole Street, Norwich, NR3 1DJ, United Kingdom. ASCB Registered; 201409-2

DECLARATION

The manufacturer declares that the machinery described above is in conformity with the relevant statutory requirements applicable to the specific product. The manufacturer takes full responsibility for the product's compliance.

- Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008
- Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016
- Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016
- The Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2012

PERSON EMPOWERED TO DRAW UP DECLARATION

Robert Poniatowski, CEO

Signed in Barrow-upon-Soar, UK, date 30/AUG/2021



Operating Manual; Declarations & Approvals

Annex J-13

DOCUMENT DETAILS

Date 30/AUG/2021 Author(s) MJH Page 1 / 1 Revision 1

EU DECLARATION OF CONFORMITY

Document layout; Governed by Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC, Annex II.

REGISTERED BUSINESS ADDRESS

Applied Thermal Control Ltd, 39 Hayhill Industrial Estate, Barrow-upon-Soar, Loughborough, LE12 8LD, UK.

AUTHORISATION TO COMPILE THE TECHNICAL FILE

Mitchell Howard, Applied Thermal Control Ltd, 39 Hayhill Industrial Estate, Barrow-upon-Soar, Loughborough, LE12 8LD, UK.

	DESCRIPTION & IDENTIFICATION OF MACHINERY
Generic denomination;	R-Series
Function;	Recirculating chiller
Model;	All with 'R' prefix.
Type;	Air-cooled or water-cooled vapour compression-based.
Serial number;	
Commercial name;	As above.

NOTIFIED BODY

Not applicable

QUALITY ASSURANCE SYSTEM

QMS International Ltd, Muspole Court, Muspole Street, Norwich, NR3 1DJ, United Kingdom. ASCB Registered; 201409-2

DECLARATION

The manufacturer declares that the machinery described above fulfils all the relevant provisions of the;

- Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.
- EMC Directive 2014/30/EU, via harmonised standards;
 - o IEC 61000-6-2:2005 (Immunity for industrial environments).
 - IEC 61000-6-4:2006 +A1:2011 (Emission for industrial environments).
- Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU.
- RoHS Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS 2);
 - The machinery above contains no Lead (Pb), Mercury (Hg), Cadmium (Cd), Hexavalent Chromium (Cr6+), Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB) or Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether (PBDE).
- RoHS Directive (EU) 2015/863 (RoHS 3);
 - Bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP): < 1000 ppm
 - Benzyl butyl phthalate (BBP): < 1000 ppm
 - o Dibutyl phthalate (DBP): < 1000 ppm
 - Diisobutyl phthalate (DIBP): < 1000 ppm

PERSON EMPOWERED TO DRAW UP DECLARATION

Robert Poniatowski, CEO

Signed in Barrow-upon-Soar, UK, date 30/AUG/2021



03/FEB/2021

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Author(s) RW, MJH

Operating Manual; Warranty Terms

Annex K-1

DOCUMENT DETAILS

Page 1/1

Revision 02

WARRANTY TERMS

Please visit the website warranty registration page to ensure ATC can offer you the best possible support;

https://www.app-therm.com/warranty-registration/

a) For how long is my ATC product warrantied?

ATC provides a comprehensive return to base 2-year parts, 1-year labor warranty from delivery as standard on all new equipment, provided it has been installed and operated in accordance with the manual.

b) Where will ATC fulfill the product warranty?

ATC's standard warranty terms are Return to Base (RTB) – issues with chillers are often easily solvable over the phone or email, or by reviewing ATC's technical guidance on the web and in the product manual. On occasion, at the discretion of ATC, goods may be serviced on site FOC or a service loan unit may be supplied. Warranty cover excludes the cost of travel by engineers and loan unit rental charges. Obtaining onsite service for a product, even in full warranty, is a chargeable service.

- c) Who is liable for shipping charges in the event of warranty failure?
 - During the first year of the warranty period, freight costs for shipping to ATC are for the customer's account. Freight costs for shipping from ATC are for ATC's account. During the **second year** of the warranty, freight costs to and from ATC are for the customer's account.
- d) I'm experiencing problems with my chiller. It's within warranty what do I do next? Contact ATC to discuss the issue you are having. The contact details in the header of this document are an ideal place to start. Be sure to have your model number and serial number on-hand to aid those attempting to solve remotely.
- e) Telephone support couldn't fix my chiller what do I do next?

An RMA form must be completed. This allows both the end-user and ATC to clarify your details, to set the party responsible for shipping costs, and to set a different return address if desired. Shipping advice is provided, and the end-user must sign a declaration that states the unit is safe to handle. Return the form by email for fastest response.

- f) What happens if my chiller failed outside warranty or requires non-warranty repair work? A purchase order will be requested to cover an initial inspection – this will only be invoiced if the inspection shows there is no fault. If packaging is required, i.e. a crate, a separate charge will be levied. If the end user prefers ATC to arrange a collection, a shipping charge may be levied.
- g) Our process must continue running can we have a loan unit whilst our chiller is in repair? ATC hold several standard air-cooled chillers at the factory for the sole purpose of offering for loan – these are available on a first-come, first-serve basis. Models up-to 3kW capacity are available.



Operating Manual; Recommended Spares

Annex M-9

DOCUMENT DETAILS

Date 9/MAR/2022 Author(s) MJH Page 1 / 1 Revision 2

RECOMMENDED SPARES FOR R10 & R20

Recommended spares include all rotating machinery (i.e. motors, fans), all sacrificial elements (i.e. fuses) and parts that users interact with (dials, fittings). Pricing is available from service@thermalexchange.com.

		R10
PN	Description	QTY
EA512	FUSE – T6.3A H250V UL-OK (FS1+2)	2
EA514	FUSE – T1.6A H250V UL-OK (FS3)	1
EA517	MOTOR – Standard 1/2~ P2=370W pump motor for P5 P10 P17	1
EA781	SWITCH – level switch threaded	1
63-500	FAN – Ø150mm, 1400RPM	2
WA679	COUPLING – bronze double flat male-to-male pump-to-motor	1
WA333	PUMP – P3 rotary vane	1
WA335	PUMP – P5 rotary vane	1
WA319	PUMP – P17 rotary vane	1
WA318	PUMP – P10 rotary vane	1
EA894	CONTROLLER – Ascon Tecnologic KR1	1
EA586	SENSOR – PT100	1
RA210	COMPRESSOR – KT1 / R10 1kW nominal duty (-0spec model)	1
EA898	RELAY – Solid state relay (SSR) DIN rail mount	1
EA496	RELAY – Power relay 30A	1
EA737	COIL – Solenoid valve coil	1
EA044	CORDSET – UK BS1363 to C13, 2m, right angle head (to suit appliance C14)	1

		R20
PN	Description	QTY
EA847	FUSE – T10A H250V UL-OK (FS1+2)	2
EA769	FUSE – T4A H250V UL-OK (FS3)	1
EA512	FUSE – T6.3A H250V UL-OK (FS4)	1
EA506	FUSE – T2A H250V UL-OK (FS5)	1
EA517	MOTOR – Standard 1/2~ P2=370W pump motor for P5 P10 P17	1
EA781	SWITCH – level switch threaded	1
63-500	FAN – Ø150mm, 1400RPM	4
WA679	COUPLING – bronze double flat male-to-male pump-to-motor	1
WA333	PUMP – P3 rotary vane	1
WA335	PUMP – P5 rotary vane	1
WA319	PUMP – P17 rotary vane	1
WA318	PUMP – P10 rotary vane	1
EA894	CONTROLLER – Ascon Tecnologic KR1	1
EA586	SENSOR – PT100	1
RA226	COMPRESSOR – K1 / R20 2kW nominal duty (-0spec model)	1
EA898	RELAY – Solid state relay (SSR) DIN rail mount	1
EA496	RELAY – Power relay 30A	1
EA737	COIL - Solenoid valve coil	1
EA044	CORDSET – UK BS1363 to C13, 2m, right angle head (to suit appliance C14)	1
Annex M-9 220	309 Recommended spares, R10 & R20	31



SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EU) 2015/830

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Harp® 134a

Revision 0 Revision date 2017-06-21

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

 Product name
 Harp® 134a

 REACH Registration Number
 01-2119459374-33

 CAS No.
 811-97-2

 EC No.
 212-377-0

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Product Use

[SU3] Industrial uses: Uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites;
----[SU22] Professional uses: Public domain (administration, education, entertainment, services, craftsmen);

Restricted use
[SU21] Consumer uses: Private households (= general public = consumers);

Description

Gas.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Harp International Limited
Address Gellihirion Industrial Estate
Pontypridd

Rhondda Cynon Taff CF37 5SX

UK

Webwww.harpintl.comTelephone+44 (0)1443 842 255Fax+44 (0)1443 841 805Emailharp@harpintl.comEmail address of the
competent personsafety@harpintl.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number +44 (0) 1270 502891 24 Hours

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

2.1.2. Classification - EC Compressed gas: H280; 1272/2008

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms





Revision 0
Revision date 2017-06-21

2.2. Label elements

Signal Word	Warning
Hazard Statement	Compressed gas: H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Precautionary Statement:	P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
Storage	
2.3. Other hazards	

Asphyxiant in high concentrations. May cause cold burns/frostbite

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Other hazards

67/548/EEC / 1999/45/EC

Chemical Name	Index No.	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration	Conc.	Classification	M-factor.
				Number	(%w/w)		
Harp® 134a		811-97-2	212-377-0	01-2119459374-33	90 - 100%)	
(1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC							
134a))							

EC 1272/2008

Chemical Name	Index No.	CAS No.	EC No.	REACH Registration	Conc.	Classification	M-factor.
				Number	(%w/w)		
Harp® 134a		811-97-2	212-377-0	01-2119459374-33	90 - 100%	Compressed gas: H280;	
(1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC							
134a))							

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	Move the exposed person to fresh air.
Eye contact	Rinse immediately with plenty of water.
Skin contact	Frostbite: treat as thermal burns.
Ingestion	Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Inhalation	Seek medical attention if irritation or symptoms persist.
Eye contact	Seek medical attention if irritation or symptoms persist.
Skin contact	Frostbite: treat as thermal burns.
Ingestion	Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Inhalation	If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).	
Eye contact Seek medical attention if irritation or symptoms persist.		
Skin contact	Seek medical attention if irritation or symptoms persist.	
Ingestion	Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.	

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Use extinguishing media appropriate to the surrounding fire conditions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

This product is not flammable in air under ambient conditions of temperature and pressure. Certain mixtures of the product and air under pressure may be flammable. At high temperature:, Thermal decomposition giving toxic and corrosive products:, Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF)., Carbon oxides.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing. Cool containers / tanks with water spray. Ensure a system for the rapid emptying of containers. In case of fire nearby, remove



Revision 0 Revision date 2017-06-21

5.3. Advice for firefighters							
	exposed containers.						
SECTION 6: Accidental relea	SECTION 6: Accidental release measures						
6.1. Personal precautions, prote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures						
	Ensure adequate ventilation of the working ar personnel to a safe area. Wear self contained Vapours are heavier than air.	ea. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Evacuate I breathing apparatus and protective clothing.					
6.2. Environmental precautions							
	Do not release into the environment.						
6.3. Methods and material for co	ntainment and cleaning up						
	Recovery: Allow to evaporate. Elimination: See chapter 13.						
6.4. Reference to other sections							
	See section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PE See section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIO	RSONAL PROTECTION for further information. NS for further information.					
SECTION 7: Handling and s	torage						
7.1. Precautions for safe handling	ng .						
	Ensure adequate ventilation of the working area. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Adopt best Manual Handling considerations when handling, carrying and dispensing. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas where this product is used or stored. When using do not eat or drink. Wash hands after handling the product.						
7.2. Conditions for safe storage,	including any incompatibilities						
	Keep containers tightly closed. Keep in a cool, dry, well ventilated area. Store in correctly labelled containers. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Store out of direct sunlight. Storage temperature: <45°C.						
Suitable packaging	Stainless steel. Steel.						
7.3. Specific end use(s)							
	See section 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the further information.	ne substance or mixture and uses advised against for					
SECTION 8: Exposure contr	ols/personal protection						
8.1. Control parameters							
	Occupational exposure controls.						
8.1.1. Exposure Limit Values							
Harp® 134a (1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (HFC 134a))	WEL 8-hr limit ppm: 1000	WEL 8-hr limit mg/m3: 4240					
	WEL 15 min limit ppm: -	WEL 15 min limit mg/m3: -					
	WEL 8-hr limit mg/m3 total - inhalable dust:	WEL 15 min limit mg/m3 total - inhalable dust:					
	WEL 8-hr limit mg/m3 total - respirable dust:	WEL 15 min limit mg/m3 total - respirable dust:					



8.2. Exposure controls

Revision Revision date 2017-06-21

8.2. Exposure controls









8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation of the working area.

8.2.2. Individual protection measures

Wear protective clothing.

Eye / face protection

Approved safety goggles.

Skin protection -

Wear suitable gloves.

Handprotection

Wear suitable protective clothing

Skin protection - Other Respiratory protection

Wear suitable respiratory equipment when necessary.

Occupational exposure

controls

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Ap	pearance	Ga

Colour

Colourless

Odour

Slight

Odour threshold No data available

Freezing Point

No data available

Evaporation rate

No data available

Water solubility

No data available

Fat Solubility

No data available

Soluble in

No data available

Partition coefficient

No data available

(n-octanol/water)

No data available

Partition coefficient

> 743 °C

Autoignition temperature

> 370 °C

Decomposition temperature Vapour pressure

= 0.574 MPa

Vapour density

= 4.24 kg/m3 = 1.21 (H2O = 1 @ 20 °C)

Relative density Initial boiling point

- 26 °C

Melting point

Solubility

- 108 °C Flash point Not applicable.

pН

Not applicable.

Flammability (solid, gas)

Not applicable.

Viscosity

Not applicable.

Explosive properties

Not applicable.

Oxidising properties

Not applicable. No data available

9.2. Other information



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9.2. Other information

VOC (Volatile organic	Not relevant
compounds)	
Conductivity	No data available
Surface tension	No data available
Gas group	No data available
Benzene Content	No data available
Lead content	No data available
SESTION 42 OF LUIT	a 14

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions. The gaseous product in presence of air can form, under certain
conditions of temperature and pressure, a flammable mixture.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal of	onditions. The gaseous product in presence of air can form, under certain
conditions of temperate	ure and pressure, a flammable mixture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data is available on this product.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Avoid contact with flames and red hot metallic surfaces.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Alkaline hydroxides. Alkaline earth metals. Strong oxidising agents. Finely divided metals.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

At high temperature:, Thermal decomposition giving toxic and corrosive products:, Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF)., Carbon oxides. Decomposition temperature: >370°C.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Slightly harmful by inhalation. As with other volatile aliphatic halogenated compounds, through vapour accumulation and/or inhalation of large quantities, the product can cause:, Loss of consciousness and cardiac disorders aggravated by stress and lack of oxygen, risk of mortality.
Skin corrosion/irritation	Ejection of liquefied gas : frostbite possible.
Serious eye damage/irritation	Ejection of liquefied gas : frostbite possible.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	No data available.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available.
Carcinogenicity	No data available.
Reproductive toxicity	No data available.
STOT-single exposure	No data available.
STOT-repeated exposure	No data available.
Aspiration hazard	No data available.
Repeated or prolonged	No data available.
exposure	
11.1.4. Toxicological Information	

SECTION 12: Ecological information



No data available

Harp® 134a

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Does not bioaccumulate. Harp® 134a No data available	12.1. Toxicity	
Not readily biodegradable.		No data available
Does not bioaccumulate. Does not bioaccumulate.	12.2. Persistence and degradab	ility
Does not bioaccumulate. Harp® 134a No data available		Not readily biodegradable.
Partition coefficient Harp® 134a No data available	12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
Partition coefficient Harp® 134a No data available		
Harp® 134a No data available		Does not bioaccumulate.
No data is available on this product.	Partition coefficient	
No data is available on this product. 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment		Harp® 134a No data available
No data is available on this product. 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	40.4 Mahilitata adi	
12.5. Results of PBT and vPv8 assessment	12.4. Mobility in soil	No data is available on this was done
This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaacumulating, toxic (PBT), nor very persistent, very bioaccumulating (vPvB). 12.6. Other adverse effects Global warming potential (GWP): Global warming potential with respect to CO2 = 1430 (IPCC Assessment Report 4).	40.5 D. W. 4.D.D. J. D. D.	<u>'</u>
persistent, very bioaccumulating (VPVB). 12.6. Other adverse effects	12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB	
Global warming potential (GWP): Global warming potential with respect to CO2 = 1430 (IPCC Assessment Report 4). Ozone depletion potential: Ozone depletion potential; ODP; (R-11 = 1), Value:. SECTION 13: Disposal considerations I3.1. Waste treatment methods Dispose of in compliance with all local and national regulations. Disposal methods Contact a licensed waste disposal company. SECTION 14: Transport information Hazard pictograms UN3159 I4.1. UN number UN3159 I4.2. UN proper shipping name 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE I4.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID Subsidiary risk IMDG 2 2 1.2		
Assessment Report 4). Ozone depletion potential: Ozone depletion potential; ODP; (R-11 = 1), Value:. SECTION 13: Disposal considerations 13.1. Waste treatment methods Dispose of in compliance with all local and national regulations. Disposal methods Contact a licensed waste disposal company. SECTION 14: Transport information Hazard pictograms UN3159 14.1. UN number UN3159 14.2. UN proper shipping name 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID 2 Subsidiary risk IMDG 2.2	12.6. Other adverse effects	
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Contact a licensed waste disposal company. SECTION 14: Transport information Hazard pictograms UN3159 14.1. UN number UN3159 14.2. UN proper shipping name 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID 2 Subsidiary risk IMDG 2.2	13.1. Waste treatment methods	
Contact a licensed waste disposal company. SECTION 14: Transport information Hazard pictograms UN3159 14.1. UN number UN3159 14.2. UN proper shipping name 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID 2 Subsidiary risk IMDG 2.2		Dispose of in compliance with all local and national regulations.
Contact a licensed waste disposal company. SECTION 14: Transport information lazard pictograms UN3159 UN3159 14.2. UN proper shipping name 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID Subsidiary risk IMDG 2 2.2	Disposal methods	<u> </u>
SECTION 14: Transport information -lazard pictograms 14.1. UN number UN3159 14.2. UN proper shipping name 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID 2 Subsidiary risk IMDG 2.2		Contact a licensed waste disposal company.
Hazard pictograms 14.1. UN number UN3159 14.2. UN proper shipping name 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID Subsidiary risk IMDG 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 7 8 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	SECTION 14: Transport info	
14.1. UN number UN3159 14.2. UN proper shipping name 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID Subsidiary risk IMDG 2.2	-	
UN3159 14.2. UN proper shipping name 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID Subsidiary risk IMDG 2.2	riazaru pictograms	
I4.2. UN proper shipping name 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID Subsidiary risk IMDG 2.2		
14.2. UN proper shipping name 1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID 2 Subsidiary risk IMDG 2.2	14.1. UN number	•
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) ADR/RID Subsidiary risk IMDG 2.2		UN3159
ADR/RID 2 Subsidiary risk - 2.2	14.2. UN proper shipping name	
ADR/RID 2 Subsidiary risk - IMDG 2.2		1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE
Subsidiary risk - 2.2	14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
IMDG 2.2	ADR/RID	2
	Subsidiary risk] -
	IMDG	2.2
Subsidiary risk -	Subsidiary risk	-
IATA 2.2	IATA	2.2
Subsidiary risk -	Subsidiary risk	<u> </u>
4.4. Packing group	14.4. Packing group	
Packing group -		



Harp® 134a

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	Revision date 2017-00-2
14.5. Environmental hazards	
Environmental hazards	No
Marine pollutant	No
14.6. Special precautions for use	er
	No data is available on this product.
14.7. Transport in bulk according	g to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code
	No data is available on this product.
ADR/RID	
Hazard ID	20
Tunnel Category	(C/E)
IMDG	
EmS Code	F-C S-V
IATA	
Packing Instruction (Cargo)	200
Maximum quantity	150 kg
Packing Instruction (Passenger)	200
Maximum quantity	75 kg
SECTION 15: Regulatory inf	formation
15.1. Safety, health and environ	mental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Regulations	REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), establishing a European Chemicals Agency, amending Directive 1999/45/EC and repealing Council Regulation (EEC) No 793/93 and Commission Regulation (EC) No 1488/94 as well as Council Directive 76/769/EEC and Commission Directives 91/155/EEC, 93/67/EEC, 93/105/EC and 2000/21/EC.
15.2. Chemical safety assessme	ent
	No data is available on this product.
SECTION 16: Other informa	tion
Other information	
Text of Hazard Statements in Section 3	Compressed gas: H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
Further information	
	The information supplied in this Safety Data Sheet is designed only as guidance for the safe use, storage and handling of the product. This information is correct to the best of our knowledge and belief at the date of publication however no guarantee is made to its accuracy. This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in



combination with any other materials or in any other process.

According to Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006



HARP® R407C

Version: CLP01 Date: July 2012 Page 1 of 8

1. Identification of the substance / preparation and company / undertaking

Product name R407C

REACH registration numbers 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane 01-2119459374-33 Pentafluoroethane 01-2119485636-25

Difluoromethane Deadline not yet expired

Company Harp International Ltd

Gellihirion Industrial Estate

Pontypridd

Rhondda Cynon Taff

CF37 5SX

Tel: +44 (0) 1443 842255 Fax: +44 (0) 1443 841805 Email: harp@harpintl.com

Emergency phone number +44 (0) 1270 502891 (24 hour)

Use Refrigeration

2. Hazards identification

EC Classification

EC Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC Not classified as hazardous

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) Gases under pressure – Liquefied gas

Label Elements

Name on label

Hazardous components 1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (R134a)

Pentafluoroethane (R125) Difluoromethane (R32)

Hazard statement(s) H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Signal word(s) Warning

Hazard pictogram(s)



Precautionary statement(s)

Storage P410 + P403: Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

According to Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006



HARP® R407C

Version: CLP01 Date: July 2012 Page 2 of 8

3. Composition / information on ingredients

Concentration

Substance name	CAS No.	EC No.	Concentration
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (R134a)	811-97-2	212-377-0	ca. 52%
Pentafluoroethane (R125)	354-33-6	206-557-8	ca. 25%
Difluoromethane (R32)	75-10-5	200-839-4	ca. 23%

Hazardous components according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended

Substance name	Hazard class	Hazard category	H Phrases
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane (R134a)	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas	H280
Pentafluoroethane (R125)	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas	H280
Difluoromethane (R32)	Flammable gases	Category 1	H220
	Gases under pressure	Liquefied gas	H280

Hazardous components according to European Directive 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC as amended

Substance name	Classification	Hazard category	R-phrase(s)
Difluoromethane (R32)	F+	Extremely flammable	R12

4. First aid measures

Inhalation Remove to fresh air. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. If

symptoms persist, call a physician.

Skin contact Allow to evaporate. Wash off with warm water. If symptoms persist,

call a physician.

Eye contact Immediately irrigate with eyewash solution or clean water, holding the

eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes. Obtain immediate medical

attention.

Ingestion Unlikely route of exposure.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

In case of higher concentrations: narcosis, asphyxia, may cause cardic

arrhythmia.

Skin contact Contact with liquid or refrigerated gas can cause cold burns and

frostbite. Prolonged skin contact may defat the skin and produce

dermatitis.

Eye contact Causes frostbite burns to eyes. Symptoms: Lachrymation, redness,

swelling of tissue, frostbite, burn.

Ingestion Gas. Not applicable.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media As appropriate for surrounding fire. Keep fire exposed containers cool

by spraying with water.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

None.

According to Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006



HARP® R407C

Version: CLP01 Date: July 2012 Page 3 of 8

Specific hazards arising from the

Chemical

The product is not flammable.

Hazardous decomposition products formed under fire conditions.

Special protective actions for Fire-

Fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit

Wear chemical resistant oversuit

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

In case of fire, use water spray

Keep product and empty container away from heat and sources of

ignition

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so

Keep away from incompatible products

Advice for emergency responders Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit

Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing

oxygen available for breathing

Suppress (knock down) gases/vapours/mists with a water spray jet

Avoid spraying the leak source

Ventilate area

Environmental precautions Discharge into the environment must be avoided

Inform the responsible authorities in case of gas leakage or of entry into

waterways, soil or drains

Methods and materials for containment

and cleaning up

Allow to evaporate

Prevent product from entering drains

Reference to other sections Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handlingUse only in well-ventilated areas

Use only clean and dry utensils

Keep away from water

Preferably transfer by pump or gravity Keep away from incompatible products

Conditions for storage, including incompatibilities

Storage Keep only in the original container

Store in a receptacle equipped with a vent

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place

Keep in properly labelled containers

Keep in a bunded area

Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. No smoking.

Keep away from incompatible products

Packing material — Suitable material — steel cylinder

Specific use(s) For further information, please contact supplier.

According to Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006



HARP® R407C

Version: CLP01 Date: July 2012 Page 4 of 8

8. Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Exposure limit values

Substance	Harp acceptable exposure limit	EH40 workplace exposure limits	
1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane	TWA = 1000 ppm	$TWA = 1000 \text{ ppm} / 4240 \text{ mg/m}^3$	
Pentafluoroethane	TWA = 1000 ppm	Not listed	
Difluoromethane	TWA = 1000 ppm	Not listed	

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Ensure adequate ventilation

Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure

limits

Respiratory protection Self-contained breathing apparatus (EN 133)

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces, in cases where the oxygen level is depleted, or in case of significant emissions. Use only respiratory protection that conforms to international / national

standards

Hand protection Take note of the information given by the producer concerning

permeability and break through times and of special workplace

conditions (mechanical strain, duration of contact).

Protective gloves

Suitable material: Fluoroelastomer

Eye protection Tightly fitted safety goggles

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing

If splashes are likely to occur, wear: apron, boots, Neoprene

Hygiene measures Eye wash bottles or eye wash stations in compliance with applicable

standards

When using do not eat, drink or smoke

Gloves, overalls and boots have to be double layered (protection

against cold temperature).

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice

Environmental exposure controls Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national

regulations.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Form Compressed liquefied gas

ColourColourlessOdourEther-likepHNeutralpKaNot applicable

Melting point/freezing point -103°C (Pentafluoroethane)

Boiling point/boiling range -44 to -37°C
Flash point Not applicable
Evaporation rate No data

Flammability (solid, gas) The product is not flammable

Flammability Not applicable

According to Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006



HARP® R407C

Version: CLP01 Date: July 2012 Page 5 of 8

Explosive properties Not explosive **Vapour pressure** 10.35 bar at 20°C

21.94 bar at 50°C (Pentafluoroethane)

Vapour density 3.45

DensityNot applicableRelative density1.17 at 20°CBulk densityNot applicable

Solubility 430 mg/l at 25°C, water (Pentafluoroethane)

Solubility/qualitative No data available

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water log Pow: 1.48, 20°C (pentafluoroethane)

Auto-ignition temperature No data available

Decomposition temperatureNo dataViscosityNot applicableOxidizing propertiesNon oxidizer

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Risk of violent reaction

Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions

fires or explosions.

Conditions to avoid Heat

Materials to avoid Light and/or alkaline metals, powdered metals, alkaline earth metals,

oxidising agents

Hazardous decomposition products Gaseous hydrogen fluoride (HF), Fluorophosgene

The release of other hazardous decomposition products is possible

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Acute oral toxicity Not applicable

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50, 4 h, >2,080,000 mg/m³ (1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)

Acute dermal toxicity Not applicable

Skin corrosion/irritation Not applicable

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Not applicable

Respiratory or skin sensitization Guinea pig, did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals

Mutagenicity In vitro tests did not show mutagenic effects (Pentafluoroethane)

In vivo tests did not show mutagenic effects (Pentafluoroethane)

Carcinogenicity Negative (1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)

Toxicity for reproduction Developmental toxicity, rat, no observed effect (1,1,1,2-

Tetrafluoroethane)

Repeated dose toxicityInhalation, after a single exposure, dog, cardiac sensitization following

adrenergic stimulation

Inhalation, rat, >=50000ppm, NOAEL (1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)
Inhalation, repeated exposure, rat, >=50000ppm, NOAEL

(Pentafluoroethane)

Inhalation, 90-day, rat, 108 mg/m³, NOAEL (Difluoromethane)

Other information No data available

According to Regulation (EC) No.1907/2006



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12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Fishes	Brachydanio rerio	LC50	96 h	>200 mg/l	1,1,1,3,3- pentafluorobutane
Fishes	Brachydanio rerio	LC50	96 h	Ca. 200 mg/l	1,1,1,3,3- pentafluorobutane
Crustaceans	Daphnia magna	EC50	48 h	>200 mg/l	1,1,1,3,3- pentafluorobutane
Crustaceans	Daphnia magna	NOEC	48 h	200 mg/l	1,1,1,3,3- pentafluorobutane
Algae	Selenastrum capricornutum	NOEC	72 h	13.2 mg/l	1,1,1,3,3- pentafluorobutane
Algae	Selenastrum capricornutum	EC50	72 h	>114 mg/l	1,1,1,3,3- pentafluorobutane
Terrestrial plants		NOEC	growth	$>=6 \text{ g/m}^3$	

Persistence and degradability

Abiotic degradation Air, indirect photo-oxidation. T ½ from 4.16 – 28.2 y

Conditions: sensitizer: OH radicals.

Degradation products: carbon dioxide (CO2) / hydrofluoric acid / TFA

Biodegradation Aerobic, tested according to closed bottle test, chemical degradation, 2-

5% after 28 d. Result: not readily biodegradable

Aerobic, tested according to biodegradation by methane oxidation.

Result: not readily biodegradable (1,1,1,2-Tetrafluoroethane)

Bioaccumulative potential: log Pow 0.21-1.48. Result: does not

bioaccumulate

Mobility Soil/sediments, adsorption, log KOC: from 1.05 – 1.7. Conditions:

calculated value

Air, Henry's law constant (H), from 19.7 – 150 hPa.m³/mol, 20°C.

Conditions: calculated value, considerable volatility

Other adverse effects Ozone depletion potential = 0

Result = no effect on stratospheric ozone Ozone depletion potential; ODP; (R11 = 1)

Global Warming Potential = 0.25

Halocarbon global warming potential; HGWP; (R11 = 1) (1,1,1,2-

Tetrafluoroethane)

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal methods

In accordance with local and national regulations

Refer to manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling

Contaminated packagingTo avoid treatments, as far as possible, use dedicated containers

Where possible recycling is preferred to disposal or incineration

14. Transport information

International transport regulations

IATA-DGR

UN number UN 3340 Class 2.2

ICAO-Labels 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gas Proper shipping name REFRIGERANT GAS R407C

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IMDG

UN number UN 3340 Class 2.2

IMDG-Labels 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gas

HI/UN No. 3340 EmS F-C, S-V

Proper shipping name REFRIGERANT GAS R407C

ADR

UN number UN 3340

Class 2

ADR/RID Labels 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gas

HI/UN No. 20 / 3340

Proper shipping name REFRIGERANT GAS R407C

RID

UN number UN 3340

Class 2

ADR/RID Labels 2.2 - Non-flammable, non-toxic gas

HI/UN No. 20 / 3340

Proper shipping name REFRIGERANT GAS R407C

ADN

UN number UN 3340

Class 2

ADR/RID Labels 2.2 – Non-flammable, non-toxic gas Proper shipping name REFRIGERANT GAS R407C

15. Regulatory information

Applicable Laws or Regulations

- Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) as amended
- Directive 1999/45/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 31 May 1999 concerning the approximation of laws, regulations and administrative provisions of the Member States relating to the classification, packaging and labelling of dangerous preparations, as amended
- Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended
- Regulation (EC) No 166/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 January 2006 concerning the establishment of a European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register and amending Council Directives 91/689/EEC and 96/61/EC
- Directive 2008/98/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 19 November 2008 on waste
- EH40/2005 Workplace Exposure Limits, as amended through 1, 10, 2007 (WEL's) published by the Health and Safety Executive (HSE). Issued under the Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations, as amended

Notification status

Inventory information	Status
Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	In compliance with inventory
Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL)	In compliance with inventory
Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances (China) (IECS)	In compliance with inventory
Japanese Existing and New Chemical Substances (MITI List) (ENCS)	In compliance with inventory
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIOC)	In compliance with inventory
Toxic Substance Control Act List (TSCA)	In compliance with inventory
EU List of Existing Chemical Substances (EINECS)	In compliance with inventory
Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI (KR))	In compliance with inventory
Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	In compliance with inventory

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16. Other information

Full text of H-Statements referred to under section 3

H220 Extremely flammable gas

H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

This datasheet was prepared in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET HEXID A4 HEAT TRANSFER FLUID

Conforming to Directive 1907/2006/EC

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product Name Hexid A4

1.2. Supplier Applied Thermal Control Limited

39 Hayhill Industrial Estate, Barrow upon Soar, Leicestershire, LE12 8LD. United Kingdom.

www.app-therm.com

1.3. Telephone Number +44(0)1530 839998
 1.4. Email sales@app-therm.com +44(0)1530 839998
 1.5. Emergency Telephone Number +44(0)1530 839998
 1.6. Intended/Recommended Use Heat Transfer Fluid

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is not classified as dangerous according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008. This mixture is not classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC.

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Chemical Nature Water (CAS 7732-18-5), not classified.

Propylene glycol (CAS 57-55-6) (REACH 01-2119456809-23)

(EINECS 200-338-0) not classified.

Fluorescein (trace) and biocide (trace) not classified.

3.2. Food Grade

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

-	General advise	No special precautions required. Treat symptomatically.
4.1 .	Eye Contact	Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water, also under the eyelids. Remove contact lenses
		after a few minutes and continue rinsing. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
4.2.	Skin Contact	Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a physician.
4.3.	Inhalation	Remove to fresh air. If symptoms persist, call a physician.
4.4.	Ingestion	Rinse mouth with water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If
		symptoms persist, call a physician.

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing media

Use extinguishing measures that are appropriate to local circumstances and the surrounding environment. Water spray, foam, dry powder or CO2. Alcohol-resistant foam

5.2 Unsuitable extinguishing Media

High volume water jet. Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

5.3 Specific hazards during firefighting

In fire conditions, toxic decomposition products may be formed (see also section 10). In combustion, emits fumes, smoke, carbon dioxide (CO2) and carbon monoxide (CO). Heating will cause a pressure rise - with severe risk of bursting and explosion, Violent steam generation or eruption may occur upon application of direct water to hot liquids.

5.4. Advice for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus. Wear personal protective equipment. Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Keep containers cool by spraying with water if exposed to fire. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Burning fluids may be extinguished by dilution with water

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SAFETY DATA SHEET HEXID A4 HEAT TRANSFER FLUID

Conforming to Directive 1907/2006/EC

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions

Use personal protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the area.

6.2. Precaution to protect the environment

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid subsoil penetration.

6.3 Clean-up procedures

Contain the spillage, soak up with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and transfer to a container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see section 13). Keep in suitable, closed containers for disposal. Dike the area of spill to prevent spreading and pump liquid to salvage tank. Treat recovered material as described in section 13 Disposal considerations.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep container tightly closed. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Spills of these organic materials on hot fibrous insulations may lead to lowering of the auto-ignition temperatures possibly resulting in spontaneous combustion.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage

Keep only in the original container.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Component: Propane-1,2-diol CAS-No. 57-55-6

Other Occupational Exposure Limit Values EH40 WEL, Time Weighted Average (TWA):, Total vapour and particulates.150 ppm, 474 mg/m3

EH40 WEL, Time Weighted Average (TWA):, Particulate.10 mg/m3

ELV (IE), Time Weighted Average (TWA):, Total vapour and particulates.150 ppm, 470 mg/m3

ELV (IE), Time Weighted Average (TWA):, Particulate.10 mg/m3

8.2. Exposure controls/Appropriate engineering controls

exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure below any

recommended or statutory limits.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection Suitable respiratory protective device Combination filter: A-P2

Filter Type Combined particulates and organic vapour type

Hand protection Category short time exposure Break through time > 10 min

Protective index Class 1 When prolonged exposure is expected: Break through time> 120 min

Protective index Class 4 Observe the information of the glove manufacturers on permeability.

Protective gloves should be chosen according to Workplace Safety Assessment.

Gloves recommended according to EN 374 (protection against chemicals).

Material Chemical resistant gloves made of butyl rubber or nitrile rubber category III

according to EN 374.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1	Appearance at 20°C	Fluorescent green clear liquid
9.2	Odour	Almost odourless
9.3	Flash point	Boils without flashing
9.4	Ignition temperature	Not Available
9.5	Flammability Limit	Not Available
9.6	Oxidizing Properties	Not Available
9.7	Auto flammability	450°C
9.8	Density at 25°C	~1.036g/cm³
9.9	pH (as is)	7
9.10	Boiling point	102°C
9.7	Auto flammability	450°C
9.8	Solubility in water	Miscible
9.9	Freezing point	-21°C

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SAFETY DATA SHEET HEXID A4 HEAT TRANSFER FLUID

Conforming to Directive 1907/2006/EC

9.10 Specific Heat Capacity 3.78kJ/kg °K 9.11 Viscosity, Kinetic, at 25°C 3.51mPa.s

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under recommended storage conditions. No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2. Chemical stability

No decomposition if stored and applied as directed. Stable under recommended storage conditions. Hvgroscopic.

10.3. Hazardous reactions

Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Generation of gas from decomposition causes pressure in closed systems. Keep away from direct sunlight. Avoid high temperatures. Avoid temperatures exceeding the decomposition temperature. Avoid UV light.

10.5. Materials to avoid

Strong acids, Strong bases, Strong oxidizing agents.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Aldehydes, Alcohols, Ether, Organic acids.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Toxicity Oral

LD50: > 20000 mg/kg (rat) This product can present a small hazard if large quantities are swallowed.

11.2. Inhalation

LC50 : 6.15 mg/l (rat; 4 h; vapour) At ambient temperature the exposure to vapours is minimal due to a low volatility rate. Inhalation may cause irritation to the nose, throat, upper respiratory tract and lungs. No deaths occurred

11.3. Dermal

LD50 : > 20000 mg/kg (rabbit) Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. Skin irritation by prolonged exposure is unlikely. Repeated contact may cause flaking and softening of skin.

11.4. Eyes

Slight irritation is possible. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Corneal injury is unlikely.

11.5. Sensitisation

Patch test on human volunteers did not demonstrate sensitisation properties.

11.6. CMR Carcinogenicity

Animal testing did not show any carcinogenic effects. Information given is based on data obtained from similar substances.

11.7. Mutagenicity

No data available.

11.8. Reproductive toxicity

No data available.

11.9. Specific Target Organ Toxicity

Single exposure no data available. Repeated exposure no data available.

11.10. Other toxic properties

Repeated dose toxicity. In rare cases, repeated excessive exposure to propylene glycol may cause central nervous system effects. Aspiration hazard Due to its physical properties, the substance does probably not pose any aspiration hazard.

11.11. Other relevant toxicity information

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

11.12. Experience with human exposure

Health injuries are not known or expected under normal use.

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SAFETY DATA SHEET HEXID A4 HEAT TRANSFER FLUID

Conforming to Directive 1907/2006/EC

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Acute toxicity

Fish - LC50: 40613 mg/l (Oncorhynchus mykiss; 96 h) (static test)

Daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates - LC50 : 18340 mg/l (Ceriodaphnia Dubia (water flea); 48 h) (static

test)

Algae - ErC50: 19000 mg/l (Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae); 96 h) (Growth inhibition)

Bacteria - NOEC : > 20000 mg/l (Pseudomonas putida; 18 h)Chronic toxicity

Aquatic invertebrates - NOEC: 13020 mg/l (Ceriodaphnia Dubia (water flea); 7 d) (semi-static test)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability 81 % (anaerobic; Exposure Time: 28 d)(OECD 301 F)

Readily biodegradable 96 % (anaerobic; Exposure Time: 64 d)(OECD 306.)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

BCF - 0.09 estimated Low bioaccumulative potential

12.4. Mobility

Estimated Koc < 1, indicating very high soil mobility.

12.5. PBT and vPvB assessment

Not a PBT or vPvB substance or mixture

12.6. Other adverse effects

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system. Avoid subsoil penetration. This substance is not in Annex I of Regulation (EC) 2037/2000 on substances that deplete the ozone layer.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATION

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Disposal together with normal waste is not allowed. Special disposal required according to local regulations. Do not let product enter drains. Contact waste disposal services.

13.2. Contaminated packaging

Empty contaminated packaging thoroughly. They can be recycled after thorough and proper cleaning. Packaging that cannot be cleaned are to be disposed of in the same manner as the product.

13.3. European Waste Catalogue Number

No waste code according to the European Waste Catalogue can be assigned for this product, as the intended use dictates the assignment. The waste code is established in consultation with the regional waste disposer.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Not dangerous goods for ADR, RID, IMDG and IATA.

14.1. EEC Regulations

UNNO None Class None Packing Group None

Road & Rail Transport (ADR & RID) None IMDG Not Applicable ICOA None

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Classification Not classified as hazardous to users.

15.2. CAS No. 57556 **15.3.** Risk or Safety phrases None **15.4.** Labelling None

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Key literature references and sources for data taken from supplier information and data from the "Database of registered substances" of the European Chemicals Agency (ECHA) were used to create this safety data sheet. Other information - The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to our knowledge at the date of its revision. The information given only describes the products with regard to safety arrangements and is not to be considered as a warranty or quality specification and does not constitute a legal relationship.

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